



TEST REPORT IEC/EN 62471 Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems

Report Reference No. 3007659.51-QUA/LI

Date of issue: 2011-03-09

Total number of pages: 23 Pages

Testing Laboratory DEKRA Certification Hong Kong Limited

Address.....: Unit 1-14, 6/F., Fuk Shing Commercial Building, 28 On Lok Mun

Street, On Lok Tsuen, Fanling, N.T., Hong Kong

Applicant's name: Matrix Lighting Limited

Address: Room 223-231, 2/F., East Wing, Tsim Sha Tsui Centre,

66 Mody Road, Tsim Sha Tsui East, Kowloon, Hong Kong

Test specification:

Standard: IEC 62471:2006 (1st edition); EN 62471:2008

Test procedure: CB

Non-standard test method: N/A

Test Report Form No. IEC62471A

TRF Originator: VDE Testing and Certification Institute

Master TRF: Dated 2009-05

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Test item description.....: LED Spot Light

Trade Mark....: VIRIBRIGHT

Manufacturer / Factory...... 1) Zhong Shan Ban Fu Micami Toys Factory

Sha Guo Industrial Zone, Ban Fu Country, ZhongShan City,

Guangdong Province, China

2) ZhongShan Wei Heng Plastic Industry Co.,Ltd.

172 North Banfu Road, Banfu town, Zhongshan, Guangdong,

China

Ratings.....: 220-240 Vac, 50 Hz, 27 mA, 4,5 W,

1) B22, 2) E27, 3) GU10



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Testir	ng procedure and testing location:	
	Testing Laboratory:	DEKRA Certification Hong Kong Limited
Testi	ng location/ address:	Unit 1-14, 6/F., Fuk Shing Commercial Building, 28 On Lok Mun Street, On Lok Tsuen, Fanling, N.T., Hong Kong
	Associated CB Laboratory:	
Testi	ng location/ address:	2 14
	Tested by (name + signature):	Anky Leung
	Approved by (+ signature):	Roy Yip
	Testing procedure: TMP	
	Tested by (name + signature):	
	Approved by (+ signature):	
Testi	ng location/ address:	
	Tasking against MAAAT	
\sqcup	Testing procedure: WMT	
	Tested by (name + signature):	
	Witnessed by (+ signature):	
-	Approved by (+ signature):	
1 esti	ng location/ address:	
	Testing procedure: SMT	
	Tested by (name + signature):	
	Approved by (+ signature):	
	Supervised by (+ signature):	
Testi	ng location/ address::	
	Testing presedure: DMT	
Ш	Testing procedure: RMT	
	Tested by (name + signature):	
	Approved by (+ signature):	
T · ·	Supervised by (+ signature):	
+ esti	ng location/ address:	



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Summary of testing:	
Tests performed (name of test and test clause):	Testing location:
50-45BEU, 50-45EEU and 50-45GEU had been tested according to the IEC 62471:2006 (1 st edition) and EN 62471:2008 and classified as Exempt group.	DEKRA Certification Hong Kong Limited Unit 1-14, 6/F., Fuk Shing Commercial Building, 28 On Lok Mun Street, On Lok Tsuen, Fanling, N.T., Hong Kong
After review, 50-45BEU (2900K LED) and 50-45BEU (5500K LED) had been chosen for test which can represent all models.	
Summary of compliance with National Differences): :
N/A	
Copy of marking plate:	
N/A	
IVA	



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Test item particulars	LED Spot Light
Tested lamp	continuous wave lamps pulsed lamps
Tested lamp system	N/A
Lamp classification group:	
Lamp cap	: E27, B22, GU10
Bulb	: 50-45BEU (2900K LED): 24x non-replaceable 2900K Warm-White LED; 50-45BEU (5500K LED) 24x non-replaceable 5500K Cool-White LED
Rated of the lamp:	220-240 Vac, 50 Hz, 27 mA, 4,5 W,
Furthermore marking on the lamp:	N/A
Seasoning of lamps according IEC standard:	N/A
Used measurement instrument:	Spectroradiometer
Temperature by measurement:	25 ℃
Information for safety use	
Possible test case verdicts:	
test case does not apply to the test object:	N/A (Not applicable)
test object does meet the requirement: :	P (Pass)
test object does not meet the requirement: :	F (Fail)
Testing:	
Date of receipt of test item:	2011-01-03 – 2011-02-25
Date (s) of performance of tests:	2011-01-03 – 2011-03-09
General remarks:	
The test results presented in this report relate only to the This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without "(See Enclosure #)" refers to additional information as "(See appended table)" refers to a table appended to the Throughout this report a comma (point) is used as the List of test equipment must be kept on file and available Although not listed in this report, IEC/TR 62471-2:200	but the written approval of the Issuing testing laboratory. Opended to the report. The report. The decimal separator. One for review.
The models: 50-45BEU, 50-45EEU and 50-45GEU w 50-45EEU and 50-45GEU do not pose any photobiological position of the second secon	ere classified as Exempt Group, therefore 50-45BEU, ogical hazard according to IEC / EN 62471. No
General product information:	
LED spot light equipped with 24x non-replaceable LED).
50-45BEU, 50-45EEU and 50-45GEU are using B22,	E27 and GU10 lamp cap respectively.



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	IEC/EN 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

4	EXPOSURE LIMITS		Р
4.1	General		Р
	The exposure limits in this standard is not less than 0,01 ms and not more than any 8-hour period and should be used as guides in the control of exposure		Р
	Detailed spectral data of a light source are generally required only if the luminance of the source exceeds 10 ⁴ cd ⁻²	see clause 4.3	Р
4.3	Hazard exposure limits		Р
4.3.1	Actinic UV hazard exposure limit for the skin and eye		Р
	The exposure limit for effective radiant exposure is 30 J·m ⁻² within any 8-hour period		Р
	To protect against injury of the eye or skin from ultraviolet radiation exposure produced by a broadband source, the effective integrated spectral irradiance, E _S , of the light source shall not exceed the levels defined by:		Р
	$E_{\rm s} \cdot t = \sum_{200}^{400} \sum_t E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot S_{\rm UV}(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 30 \qquad \qquad \text{J-m}^{-2}$		Р
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye or skin shall be computed by:		Р
	$t_{\text{max}} = \frac{30}{E_{\text{S}}}$ s		Р
4.3.2	Near-UV hazard exposure limit for eye		Р
	For the spectral region 315 nm to 400 nm (UV-A) the total radiant exposure to the eye shall not exceed 10000 J m ⁻² for exposure times less than 1000 s. For exposure times greater than 1000 s (approximately 16 minutes) the UV-A irradiance for the unprotected eye, E _{UVA} , shall not exceed 10 W m ⁻² .		Р
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye for time less than 1000 s, shall be computed by:		Р
	$t_{\text{max}} \le \frac{10\ 000}{E_{\text{UVA}}} \qquad \text{s}$		Р
4.3.3	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit		Р
	To protect against retinal photochemical injury from chronic blue-light exposure, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source weighted against the blue-light hazard function, $B(\lambda)$, i.e., the blue-light weighted radiance , L_B , shall not exceed the levels defined by:		Р



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	IEC/EN 62471	
Clause	Requirement + Test Result – Remark	Verdict
	$L_{\rm B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} L_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 10^{6} \qquad \text{J} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{sr}^{-1} \qquad \text{for } t \le 10^{4} \text{ s} \qquad t_{\rm max} = \frac{10^{6}}{L_{\rm B}}$	Р
	$L_{\rm B} = \sum_{300}^{700} L_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100$ $W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$ for $t > 10^4$ s	Р
4.3.4	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit - small source	N/A
	Thus the spectral irradiance at the eye E_{λ} , weighted against the blue-light hazard function $B(\lambda)$ shall not exceed the levels defined by:	N/A
	$E_{B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad J \cdot m^{-2} for \ t \le 100 \ s$	N/A
	$E_{\rm B} = \sum_{300}^{700} E_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 1 \qquad \text{W} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \qquad \text{for t > 100 s}$	N/A
4.3.5	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit	Р
	To protect against retinal thermal injury, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source, L_{λ} , weighted by the burn hazard weighting function $R(_{\lambda})$ (from Figure 4.2 and Table 4.2), i.e., the burn hazard weighted radiance, shall not exceed the levels defined by:	Р
	$L_{\rm R} = \sum_{380}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{50000}{\alpha \cdot t^{0.25}} \qquad \qquad W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot {\rm sr}^{-1} \qquad (10 \ \mu {\rm s} \le {\rm t} \le 10 \ {\rm s})$	Р
4.3.6	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit – weak visual stimulus	N/A
	For an infrared heat lamp or any near-infrared source where a weak visual stimulus is inadequate to activate the aversion response, the near infrared (780 nm to 1400 nm) radiance, L _{IR} , as viewed by the eye for exposure times greater than 10 s shall be limited to:	N/A
	$L_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{6000}{\alpha} \qquad \qquad \text{W} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{sr}^{-1} \text{t} > 10 \text{ s}$	N/A
4.3.7	Infrared radiation hazard exposure limits for the eye	Р
	The avoid thermal injury of the cornea and possible delayed effects upon the lens of the eye (cataractogenesis), ocular exposure to infrared radiation, E _{IR} , over the wavelength range 780 nm to 3000 nm, for times less than 1000 s, shall not exceed:	Р
	$E_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 18000 \cdot t^{-0.75} \qquad W \cdot m^{-2} t \le 1000 \text{s}$	Р
	For times greater than 1000 s the limit becomes:	Р



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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	· ·	L	1
	$E_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100$ W · m ⁻²	t > 1000 s	Р
4.3.8	Thermal hazard exposure limit for the skin		Р
	Visible and infrared radiant exposure (380 nm to 3000 nm) of the skin shall be limited to:		Р
	$E_{\text{H}} \cdot t = \sum_{380}^{3000} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 20000 \cdot t^{0.25}$ J·m ⁻²		Р
_	MEASUREMENT OF LAMPS AND LAMP SYSTEM		
5	MEASUREMENT OF LAMPS AND LAMP SYSTEM	15	Р
5.1	Measurement conditions		Р
	Measurement conditions shall be reported as part of the evaluation against the exposure limits and the assignment of risk classification.		P
5.1.1	Lamp ageing (seasoning)		N/A
	Seasoning of lamps shall be done as stated in the appropriate IEC lamp standard.		N/A
5.1.2	Test environment		Р
	For specific test conditions, see the appropriate IEC lamp standard or in absence of such standards, the appropriate national standards or manufacturer's recommendations.		Р
5.1.3	Extraneous radiation		Р
	Careful checks should be made to ensure that extraneous sources of radiation and reflections do not add significantly to the measurement results.		Р
5.1.4	Lamp operation		Р
	Operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:		Р
	 the appropriate IEC lamp standard, or 		N/A
	 the manufacturer's recommendation 		Р
5.1.5	Lamp system operation		N/A
	The power source for operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:		N/A
	the appropriate IEC standard, or		N/A
	the manufacturer's recommendation		N/A
5.2	Measurement procedure		Р
5.2.1	Irradiance measurements		Р
	Minimum aperture diameter 7mm.		Р



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	IEC/EN 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	Maximum aperture diameter 50 mm.		Р
	The measurement shall be made in that position of the beam giving the maximum reading.		Р
	The measurement instrument is adequate calibrated.		Р
5.2.2	Radiance measurements		Р
5.2.2.1	Standard method		Р
	The measurements made with an optical system.		Р
	The instrument shall be calibrated to read in absolute radiant power per unit receiving area and per unit solid angle to acceptance averaged over the field of view of the instrument.		Р
5.2.2.2	Alternative method		Р
	Alternatively to an imaging radiance set-up, an irradiance measurement set-up with a circular field stop placed at the source can be used to perform radiance measurements.		Р
5.2.3	Measurement of source size		Р
	The determination of α , the angle subtended by a source, requires the determination of the 50% emission points of the source.		Р
5.2.4	Pulse width measurement for pulsed sources		N/A
	The determination of Δt , the nominal pulse duration of a source, requires the determination of the time during which the emission is > 50% of its peak value.		N/A
5.3	Analysis methods		Р
5.3.1	Weighting curve interpolations		Р
	To standardize interpolated values, use linear interpolation on the log of given values to obtain intermediate points at the wavelength intervals desired.	see table 4.1	Р
5.3.2	Calculations		Р
	The calculation of source hazard values shall be performed by weighting the spectral scan by the appropriate function and calculating the total weighted energy.		Р
5.3.3	Measurement uncertainty		Р
	The quality of all measurement results must be quantified by an analysis of the uncertainty.	see Annex C in the norm	Р

LAMP CLASSIFICATION

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	IEC/EN 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	For the purposes of this standard it was decided that the values shall be reported as follows:	see table 6.1	Р
	for lamps intended for general lighting service, the hazard values shall be reported as either irradiance or radiance values at a distance which produces an illuminance of 500 lux, but not at a distance less than 200 mm		Р
	 for all other light sources, including pulsed lamp sources, the hazard values shall be reported at a distance of 200 mm 		N/A
6.1	Continuous wave lamps		Р
6.1.1	Exempt Group		Р
	In the exempt group are lamps, which does not pose any photobiological hazard. The requirement is met by any lamp that does not pose:		Р
	 an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E_S) within 8-hours exposure (30000 s), nor 		Р
	 a near-UV hazard (E_{UVA}) within 1000 s, (about 16 min), nor 		Р
	 a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 10000 s (about 2,8 h), nor 		Р
	 a retinal thermal hazard (L_R) within 10 s, nor 		Р
	 an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) within 1000 s 		Р
6.1.2	Risk Group 1 (Low-Risk)		N/A
	In this group are lamps, which exceeds the limits for the except group but that does not pose:		N/A
	 an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E_S) within 10000 s, nor 		N/A
	 a near ultraviolet hazard (E_{UVA}) within 300 s, nor 		N/A
	 a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 100 s, nor 		N/A
	 a retinal thermal hazard (L_R) within 10 s, nor 		N/A
	 an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) within 100 s 		N/A
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (L_{IR}), within 100 s are in Risk Group 1.		N/A
6.1.3	Risk Group 2 (Moderate-Risk)		N/A
	This requirement is met by any lamp that exceeds the limits for Risk Group 1, but that does not pose:		N/A
	 an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E_S) within 1000 s exposure, nor 		N/A



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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
			1
	 a near ultraviolet hazard (E_{UVA}) within 100 s, nor 		N/A
	$-$ a retinal blue-light hazard (L_{B}) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor		N/A
	 a retinal thermal hazard (L_R) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor 		N/A
	 an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) within 10 s 		N/A
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard ($L_{\rm IR}$), within 10 s are in Risk Group 2.		N/A
6.1.4	Risk Group 3 (High-Risk)		N/A
	Lamps which exceed the limits for Risk Group 2 are in Group 3.		N/A
6.2	Pulsed lamps		N/A
	Pulse lamp criteria shall apply to a single pulse and to any group of pulses within 0,25 s.		N/A
	A pulsed lamp shall be evaluated at the highest nominal energy loading as specified by the manufacturer.		N/A
	The risk group determination of the lamp being tested shall be made as follows:		N/A
	 a lamp that exceeds the exposure limit shall be classified as belonging to Risk Group 3 (High-Risk) 		N/A
	 for single pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance does is below the EL shall be classified as belonging to the Exempt Group 		N/A
	 for repetitively pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance dose is below the EL, shall be evaluated using the continuous wave risk criteria discussed in clause 6.1, using time averaged values of the pulsed emission 		N/A



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	IEC/EN 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Table 4.1 Spectral we	eighting function for assessing (ultraviolet hazards for sk	kin and eye	Р
Wavelength¹ λ, nm	UV hazard function S _{υν} (λ)	Wavelength λ, nm	UV hazard fu S _w (λ)	nction
200	0,030	313*	0,006	
205	0,051	315	0,003	
210	0,075	316	0,0024	
215	0,095	317	0,0020	
220	0,120	318	0,0016	
225	0,150	319	0,0012	
230	0,190	320	0,0010	
235	0,240	322	0,00067	•
240	0,300	323	0,00054	
245	0,360	325	0,00050)
250	0,430	328	0,00044	
254*	0,500	330	0,00041	
255	0,520	333*	0,00037	,
260	0,650	335	0,00034	
265	0,810	340	0,00028	3
270	1,000	345	0,00024	
275	0,960	350	0,00020)
280*	0,880	355	0,00016	;
285	0,770	360	0,00013	3
290	0,640	365*	0,00011	
295	0,540	370	0,00009	3
297*	0,460	375	0,00007	7
300	0,300	380	0,00006	4
303*	0,120	385	0,00005	3
305	0,060	390	0,00004	4
308	0,026	395	0,00003	6
310	0,015	400	0,00003	0

Wavelengths chosen are representative: other values should be obtained by logarithmic interpolation at intermediate wavelengths.

^{*} Emission lines of a mercury discharge spectrum.



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	IEC/EN 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Table 4.2	Spectral weighting sources	functions for assessing retinal hazards fr	om broadband optical P
	Wavelength nm	Blue-light hazard function B (λ)	Burn hazard function R (λ)
	300	0,01	
305		0,01	
	310	0,01	
	315	0,01	
	320	0,01	
	325	0,01	
	330	0,01	
	335	0,01	
	340	0,01	
	345	0,01	
	350	0,01	
	355	0,01	
	360	0,01	
	365	0,01	
	370	0,01	
	375	0,01	
	380	0,01	0,1
	385	0,013	0,13
	390	0,025	0,25
	395	0,05	0,5
	400	0,10	1,0
	405	0,20	2,0
	410	0,40	4,0
	415	0,80	8,0
	420	0,90	9,0
	425	0,95	9,5
	430	0,98	9,8
	435	1,00	10,0
	440	1,00	10,0
	445	0,97	9,7
	450	0,94	9,4
	455	0,90	9,0
	460	0,80	8,0
	465	0,70	7,0
	470	0,62	6,2
	475	0,55	5,5
	480	0,45	4,5
	485	0,40	4,0
	490	0,22	2,2
	495	0,16	1,6
	500-600	10[(450-\(\right)/50]	1,0
	600-700	0,001	1,0
	700-1050		10 ^[(/00-\lambda)/500]
	1050-1150		0,2
	1150-1200		0,2·10 ^{0,02(1150-λ)}

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	IEC/EN 62471								
Clause	Requirement + Test	Resi	ult – Remark	Verdict					
Table 4.2 Spectral weighting functions for assessing retinal hazards from broadband optical sources									
	1200-1400		0,02	•					



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	IEC/EN 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Table 5.4	Su	ummary of the ELs for the surface of the skin or cornea (irradiance based values)								
Hazard Name		Relevant equation	Relevant equation		Limiting aperture rad (deg)	EL in terms of constant irradiance W•m ⁻²				
Actinic UV skin & eye		$E_S = \sum E_\lambda \bullet S(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	200 – 400	< 30000	1,4 (80)	30/	t			
Eye UV-A		$E_{UVA} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet \Delta \lambda$	315 – 400	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	1000 10				
Blue-light small source		$E_B = \sum E_\lambda \bullet B(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	300 – 700	≤100 >100	< 0,011	100. 1,0				
Eye IR		$E_{IR} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet \Delta \lambda$	780 – 3000	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	18000/ 100				
Skin thermal		$E_H = \sum E_\lambda \bullet \Delta \lambda$	380 – 3000	< 10	2π sr	20000/	t ^{0,75}			

Table 5.5 Summary of the ELs for the retina (radiance based values)							
Hazard Name		Relevant equation Wavelength range duration sec		duration	Field of view radians	EL in terms of constant radian W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹)	
Blue light		$L_{B} = \sum L_{\lambda} \bullet B(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	300 – 700	0,25 - 10 10-100 100-10000 ≥ 10000	0,011•√(t/10) 0,011 0,0011•√t 0,1	10 ⁶ , 10 ⁶ , 10 ⁶ ,	/t /t
Retinal thermal		$L_{R} = \sum L_{\lambda} \bullet R(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	380 – 1400	< 0,25 0,25 – 10	0,0017 0,011•√(t/10)	50000/(d 50000/(d	
Retinal thermal (weak visual stimulus)		$L_{IR} = \sum L_{\lambda} \bullet R(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	780 – 1400	> 10	0,011	6000)/α



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	IE	C/EN 62471	
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

	(For model: 50	-45BEU (2900							
				Emission Measurement					
Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units		Exempt	Low	risk	Mod	risk
				Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result
Actinic UV	S _{UV} (λ)	E _s	W•m ⁻²	0,001	0,00017	0,003		0,03	-
Near UV		E _{UVA}	W•m ⁻²	10	0,00013	33		100	-
Blue light	Β(λ)	L _B	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	100	22,22	10000		4000000	
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	E _B	W•m ⁻²	1,0*		1,0		400	
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	L _R	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	28000/α	680,86 (α=80,28mrad)	28000/α		71000/α	
Retinal thermal, weak visual stimulus**	R(\(\lambda\)	L _{IR}	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	6000/α		6000/α		6000/α	
IR radiation, eye		E _{IR}	W•m ⁻²	100	0,38	570		3200	

Small source defined as one with α < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian. Involves evaluation of non-GLS source

Emission limits for risk groups of continuous wave lamps

Table 6.1



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	IE	C/EN 62471	
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Table 6.1	Emission limits for risk groups of continuous wave lamps (For model: 50-45BEU (5500K LED))								Р
					Em	ission Measu	rement		
Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units		Exempt	Low	risk	Mod	risk
				Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result
Actinic UV	S _{UV} (λ)	Es	W•m ⁻²	0,001	0,00015	0,003	1	0,03	
Near UV		E _{UVA}	W•m ⁻²	10	0,000098	33		100	
Blue light	Β(λ)	L _B	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	100	66,06	10000		4000000	
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	E _B	W•m ⁻²	1,0*		1,0		400	
Retinal thermal	R(\lambda)	L _R	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	28000/α	2440,79 (α=74,79mrad)	28000/α		71000/α	
Retinal thermal, weak visual stimulus**	R(\(\lambda\)	L _{IR}	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	6000/α		6000/α		6000/α	
IR radiation, eye		E _{IR}	W•m ⁻²	100	0,46	570		3200	

Small source defined as one with α < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian.

Involves evaluation of non-GLS source



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Appendix 1: List of test equipment

Furthermore remarks:

List of test equipment used:

Clause	Measurement/ testing	Registration Number	Testing/measuring equipment/material used	Range used	Calibration date
5	Irradiance measurements Radiance measurements	HK 391	Spectroradiometer	200-3000nm	Last cal. date: 2009-09-07



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Appendix 2: Photo of document:



50-45BEU - Outlook



50-45EEU - Outlook

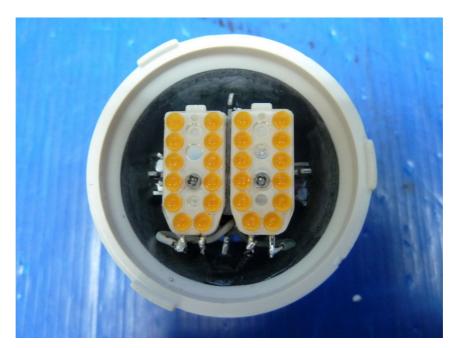


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Appendix 2: Photo of document:



50-45GEU - Outlook

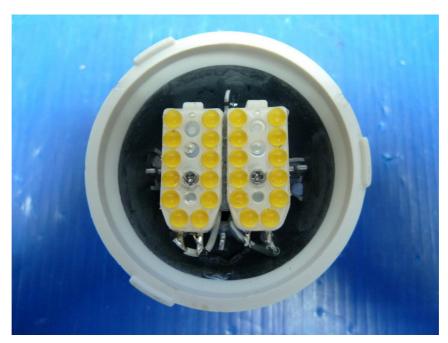


50-45BEU (2900K) – LED



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Appendix 2: Photo of document:

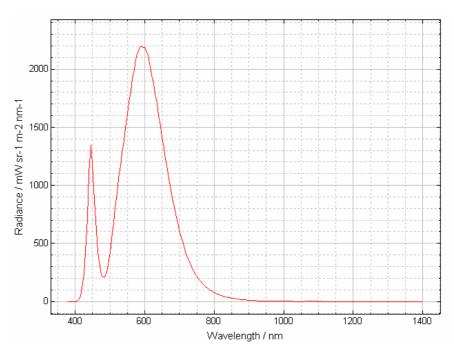


50-45BEU (5500K) – LED

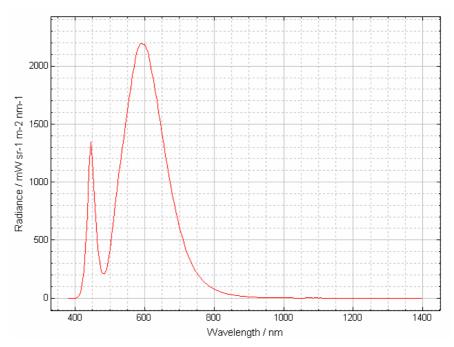


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Appendix 3: Test Result



50-45BEU (2900K) measured spectral irradiance distribution

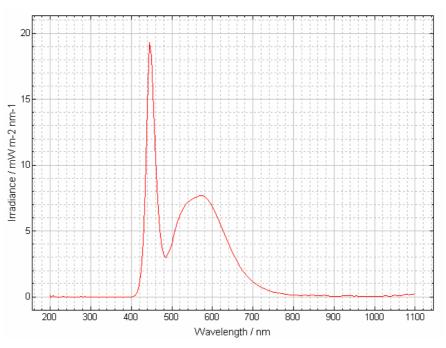


50-45BEU (2900K) measured spectral radiance distribution

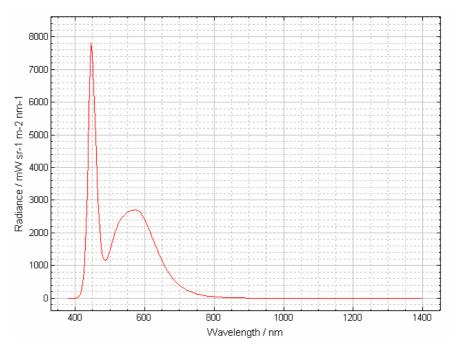


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Appendix 3: Test Result



50-45BEU (5500K) measured spectral irradiance distribution



50-45BEU (5500K) measured spectral radiance distribution



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Appendix 4: The difference between IEC 62471:2006 and EN 62471:2008

Table 4.1 wavelength step of the SUV(λ) is 1nm listed according to EN 62471 and 5nm listed according to IEC 62471. The system is calculated according to both IEC 62471 and EN 62471, so that the results which calculated have no influence to the issued result, especially for the lamp classification. As the result, EN 62471 can be covered for the tested items in this report.

About the starting wavelength from 180nm of EN 62471 and starting wavelength from 200nm of IEC 62471, it is very difficult to obtain the radiation below 200nm at common condition and also from the behaviour of samples which are tested. However, there should be no any output below 200nm for the normal lamps. As the result, EN 62471 can be covered for the tested items in this report.

About Blue-Light Small Source, the limit of Exempt Group is 0,01 W•m-2 according to EN 62471. It is referred to the Directive 2006/25/EC of the European parliament and of the council of 5 April 2006 on the minimum health and safety requirements regarding the exposure of workers to risks arising from physical agents (artificial optical radiation).